



ONTARIO LITHIUM & GOLD PROPERTIES

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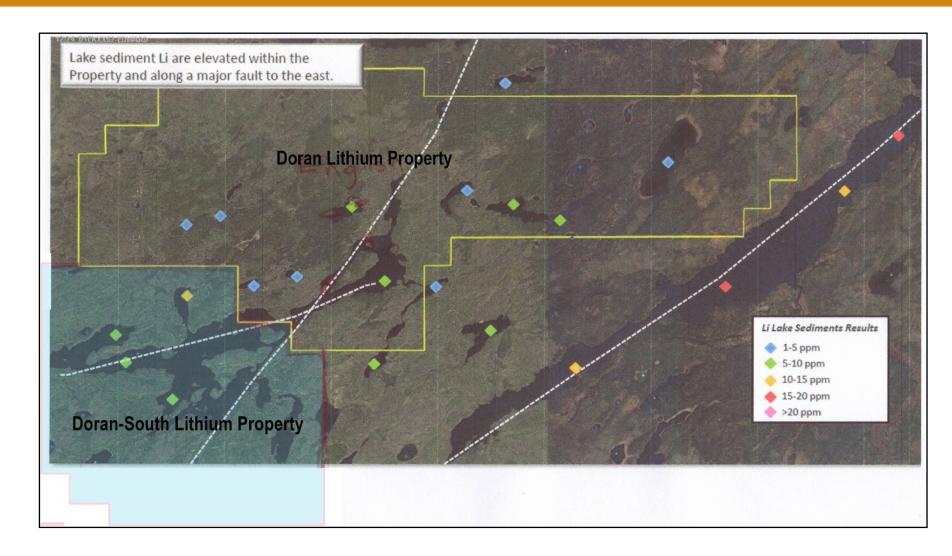
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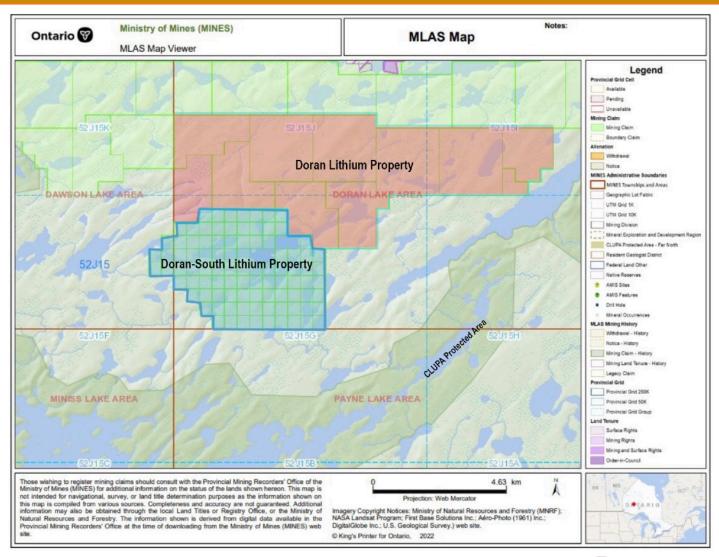
















- The first Doran Lithium Property consists of 9 claims comprising 3,474hectares.
- The Property is located 125 kilometres northeast of Sioux Lookout, Ontario proximal to an all-weather road providing good boat access.
- The Property lies just east of a muscovite-bearing peraluminous S-type fertile parental granite in contact with metasediments. Metasediments make excellent hosts for rare-element pegmatites, which can occur up to 10 kilometres away from their parental source (Breaks et al., 2003).
- The Property occurs along a subprovince terrane boundary, an integral relationship between lithium deposits and structure (Breaks et al., 2003). This is a very similar geological setting to the Root Lithium Project owned by Green Metal Technologies.
- Elevated lithium lake sediment samples associated with structure suggest emplacement of pegmatites along these important pathways.
- White dyke-like outcrops in GoogleEarth contrasting against grey metasediment host-rocks appear to be of a pegmatitic source.
- Good bedrock exposure according to Google Earth.

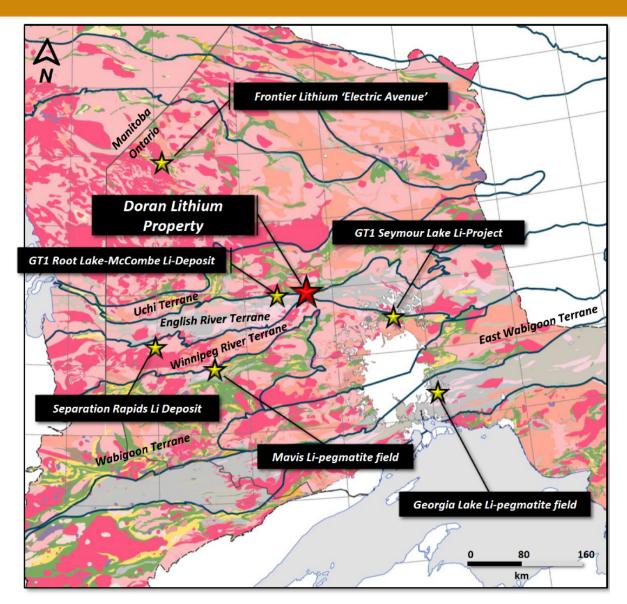




- Doran-South Lithium property consists of approximately 1,820 hectares. This is in addition to the company's first lithium property acquisition: the Doran Lithium property, which consists of 3,474 hectares in close proximity to the English River-Uchi Terrane boundary and adjacent to a second order faults.
- The presence of these structural and tectonic elements is significant since to date most significant lithium discoveries occur adjacent to terrane boundaries and second order fault structures.
- The property abuts the south west corner of the Doran Lithium Property. Doran-South and Doran are located 60 kilometres east of Green Technology Metals Inc.'s Root Lake Lithium Project which is at an advanced stage of exploration. The Doran Lithium Property sits along the same terrane boundary fault structure as the Root Lake Lithium discovery.
- Granite intrusives with a fertile geochemistry were observed by the Ontario Geological Survey (OGS) adjacent to the boundary fault neighbouring the Doran property. These intrusives are often associated with lithium-bearing pegmatite.
- The area surrounding the Doran-South and the Doran Lithium properties was explored by the OGS for its potential to host significant lithium deposits.
- As with the Doran property at Doran-South, the OGS discovered elevated levels of lithium oxide in lakebottom sediment samples. The OGS considered this a positive criterion for the presence of lithium mineralization in the area.
- Satellite photo images of Doran property show both white linear and irregular spotted clusters of outcrops which may be interpreted as pegmatite intrusions, a potential host rock for lithium mineralization.







The DoranLithium Property is located innorthwestern Ontario where numerous lithium deposits have been delineated to host significant reserves of Li₂O.

➤ Of significance is that the Li-deposits/ projects of northwestern Ontario are located within 20km of a terrane boundary. These terrane boundaries are deep seated sutures that divide accreted Archean terranes and act as conduits for fertile peraluminous granites. The Property lies along the English River-Uchi Terrane boundary similar toGT1's Root Lithium Project.

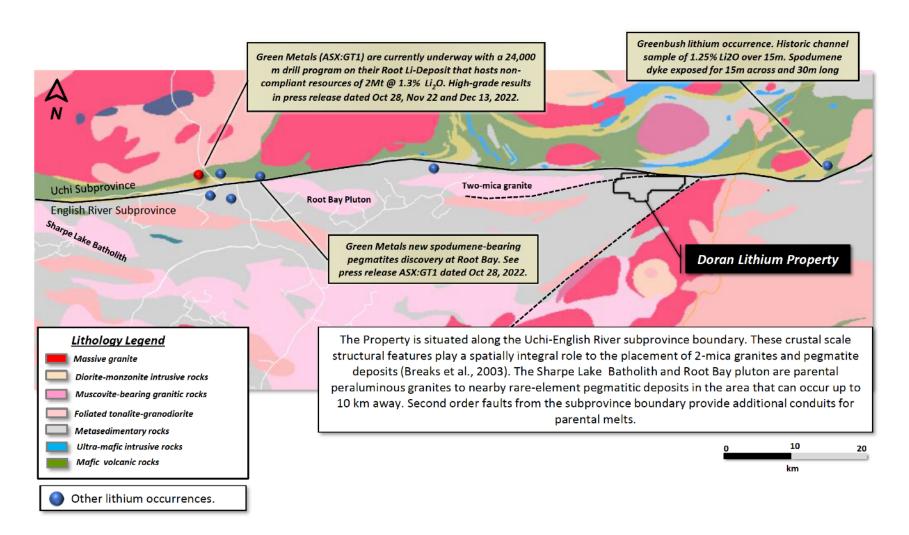
➤ Significant lithium deposits of northwestern Ontario include: The Seymour Lake Lithium Project owned by Green Technology Metals (ASX:GT1) hosts 4.8Mt grading 1.24% Li₂O and 186ppm Ta₂O₅.

The Georgia Lake pegmatite field with resources of 16+Mt grading 1.15% Li₂O owned by Imagine Lithium and Ultra Lithium.

Separation Rapids Lithium deposit owned by Avalon Advanced Materials with resources of 9.4Mt grading 1.35% Li₂O.















Linear white outcrop jutting into lake possibly representing a white pegmatite dyke.

There are numerous instances on the Property where white outcrops and dyke-shaped outcrops occur. The host rock in the area is grey metasediments and the whiteness of the outcrops could possibly represent white pegmatite dykes.



White outcrops intermittently along lakeshore of lake.



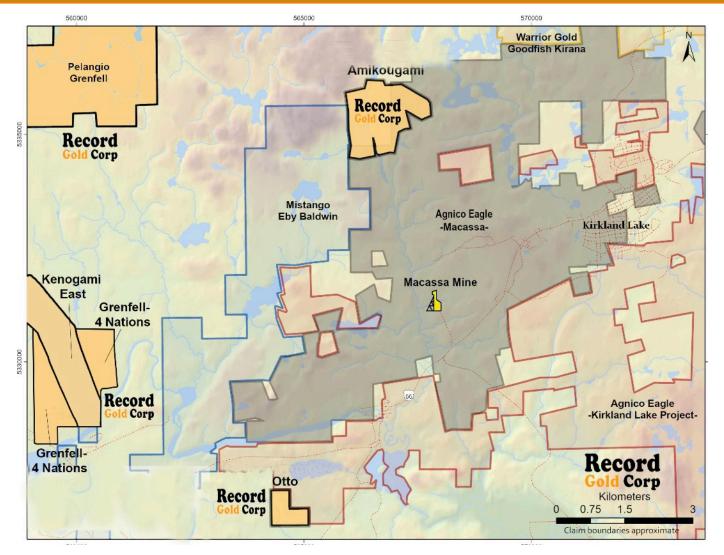


GRENFELL, FOUR NATIONS, KENOGAMI EAST, AMIKOUGAMI, OTTO GOLD PROPERTIES KIRKLAND LAKE, ONTARIO





Grenfell, Four Nations, Kenogami East, Amikougami, Otto







Grenfell Gold Property

- Joint Venture partnership with Pelangio Exploration Inc.
- The property hosts five distinct gold bearing zones. These zones in order of importance are the No.1 Vein, Sirola Vein, No. 6 Vein, Shea Vein and Shaft Vein.
- 21.7 tons at 0.456 oz per ton gold and 177 tons at 0.70 oz per ton gold, respectively, from two separate bulk samples from the Sirola Vein (surface pit) and No.1 Vein (60-foot level).
- 0.2 oz per ton gold across a 3-foot width for 180 feet of strike length assayed from the No.1 Vein was channel sampled along the drift on the 250-foot level.
- 0.13 oz per ton gold over 10 feet, 2.22 oz per ton gold over 3 feet. and 0.25 oz/ton gold over 5 feet from the The No.6 vein's three drill holes.
- 0.41 oz per ton gold over 3 feet from a historical drill hole on the Shea Vein.
- 0.24 oz per ton gold over the 60-foot interval from the Shaft Vein, entered at 90-foot level and exited at the 150-level.

Location and History

- Located in Grenfell Township approximately 10 km northwest of the Town of Kirkland Lake, Ontario.
- Comprised of a series of contiguous mining leases and mining claims covering about 6.7 km2.
- The majority of work on the property took place in the 1930's to early 1940's when bulk sampling of some high-grade gold veins occurred in conjunction with diamond drilling, shaft sinking and substantial lateral development on two underground levels.
- With renewed interest in the property a series of surface exploration programs were conducted from the early 1980's to about 2013. More recent exploration work and re-evaluation of historical work has resulted in new zones of gold mineralization and recommendations for further exploration on known historical zones from the 1930-1940 era.
- Gold mineralization was first discovered on the property in the early 1920's. From the early 1930's to about 1941, a series of major exploration campaigns were conducted; this work included 265 feet of shaft sinking, over 2000 feet of underground development on two levels, and a bulk sampling program to evaluate two of the vein systems.
- Exploration efforts ceased on the property during World War II. In 1985, a geological report was completed on the property by John Londry, P.Eng. (J. Londry, P.Eng., "Report on the John Sirola Property, Grenfell Township, 1985").





Hole No.	From	То	Meters	Au g/t	Targeted Structures
JS2005	33.00	59.00	26.00	21.80	No.1/No.6 veins *
includes	36.26-	38.00	1.74	314.00	
includes	36.26	36.56	0.30	1810.00	
JS1302	13.00	21.00	8.00	2.85	new SW zone area **
includes	15.00	19.00	4.00	4.09	
includes	15.00	16.00	1.00	9.41	
	83.00	84.00	1.00	1.73	

Source:





^{*} NR Pelangio Explora5on Inc March, 2010

^{**} SGX Asses Rpt J.K.Filo 2013

Targeted Structures	Au g/t	Meters	То	From	Hole No.
No.1/No.6 veins *	3.73	1.00	15.00	14.00	JS 2004
	2.50	26.00	45.00	19.00	
	9.39	3.00	40.50	37.50	includes
No.6/Shaft vein area **	2.03	1.00	51.00	50.00	JS1312
110.0/Ollan Yolli aloa	1.26	1.00	87.00	86.00	001012
	1.15	1.00	89.00	88.00	
	19.50	1.00	95.00	94.00	
	1.09	1.00	131.00	130.00	

Source:





^{*} NR Pelangio Explora5on Inc March, 2010

^{**} SGX Asses Rpt J.K.Filo 2013

Grenfell Gold Property: Selected Assays

Hole No.	From	То	Meters	Au g/t	Targeted Structures
JS2014	96.00	98.00	2.00	2.31	Hanging Wall veins to No.1
Includes	96.00	97.00	1.00	3.60	
	126.00	135.00	9.00	1.45	
includes	126.00	127.10	1.10	4.02	
	145.00	150.00	4.50	1.76	
includes	147.00	148.50	1.50	3.46	
JS2011	41.20	48.00	6.80	1.26	No.1 & Hanging Wall veins
includes	46.50	48.00	1.50	4.91	





Hole No.	From	То	Meters	Au g/t	Targeted Structures
JS2013	57.00	58.50	1.50	1.32	Hanging Wall veins to No.1
	65.60	66.20	0.60	11.40	
	70.50	72.00	1.50	1.49	
	77.00	78.05	1.05	1.20	
	96.00	103.50	7.50	1.16	
includes	96.00	97.50	1.50	3.61	
	117.00	120.00	3.00	10.95	
includes	118.00	119.00	1.00	23.40	

Source: SGX Res. Assess Rpt J.K. Filo 2013





Grenfell Gold Property: Selected Assays

			Au g/t	
Sirola Pit	BulkSample	21.7 tons	15.60	*
Main Vein	BulkSample	177 tons	24.00	*
No.1/Main vein	Channel 250 Drift	.9m back width	6.90	**
Vein 6	drill intercept	3.04 m	4.50	*
		0.9 m	76.10	*
		1.52 m	8.60	*
		1.0 m	19.50	**

Source:

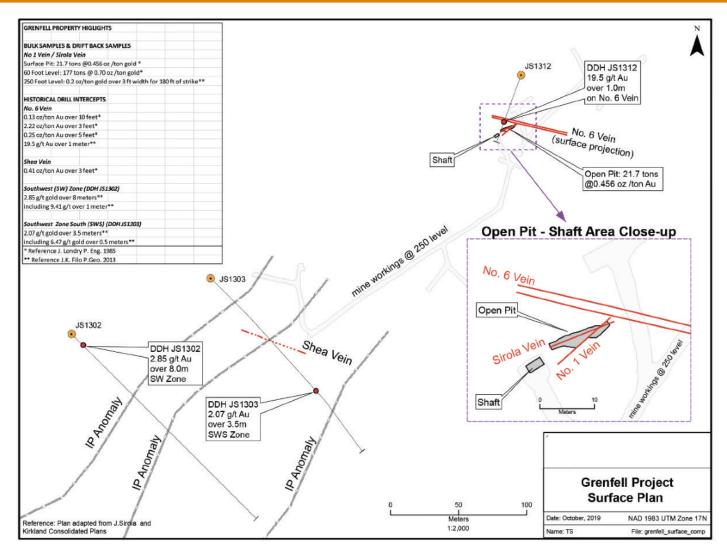




^{*} Londrey J.E. 1985 Private Rpt

^{**} SGX Res. Assess Rpt J.K.Filo 2013

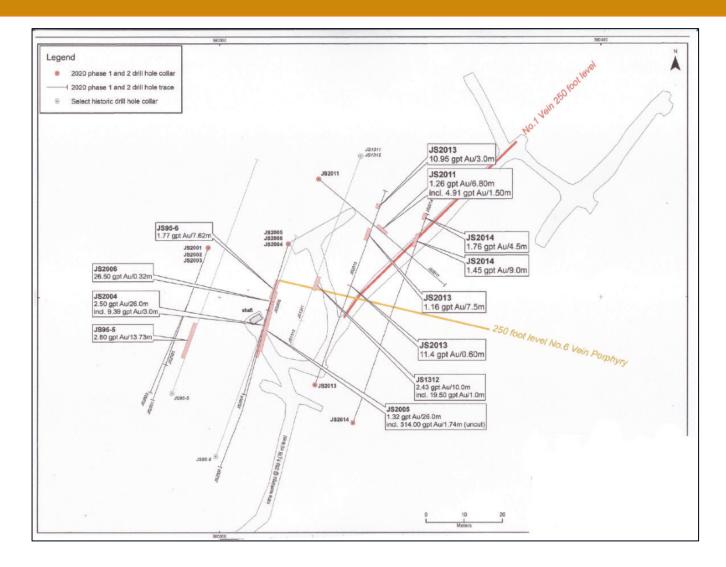
Grenfell Gold Property: Drill Location Map







Grenfell Gold Property: Drill Locations With Intersections







Four Nations Gold Property

Historic Drilling Results:

- 3,274 grams per tonne (95.5 oz/t) and 166 grams per tonne (4.84 oz/t) across narrow veins, assayed from from two shafts on a mineralized outcrop taken in 1920 by Grenfell Kirkland Gold Mines Ltd.
- 107 grams per tonne (3.11 oz/t) and 101 grams per tonne (2.96 oz/t), from two three-ton bulk samples taken in 1920.
- 3.5 grams per tonne over 1.07 metres (0.10 oz/t over 3.5 feet) assayed from four short-holes iln 1959, by Hecmac Syndicate, an exploration group.
- 1.7 grams per tonne (0.05 oz/t) to 16.4 grams per tonne (0.48 oz/t) were assayed from trenching in 1960 by another group.
- There has also been drilling, trenching and small-scale mining conducted on the adjacent property that intersected significant gold mineralization.
- Note: Assays values are not NI 43-101 compliant and were extracted from a report by FR Ploeger in 1997.

Paraphrased From Historical Anconia Resources/Omai Gold Mines Reports:

At the nearby Four Nations property, the property that hosted earlier workings, an exploration shaft was sunk to 25 feet and extended to 536 feet between 1926 and 1928. Levels were established at 125 feet, 250 feet, 375 feet, and 500 feet. Approximately 2500 feet of lateral development was undertaken at this time, mostly on the 500 foot level. The underground workings of the mine are not accessible presently.

10 vein systems have been identified at surface, two of which, the "Allen Veins", were trenched by Four Nations Consolidated Gold Mines in 1934 and were determined at that time to carry gold averaging 8.57 grams per tonne across 2.38 metres for a length of 61metres (source: "Technical Report on the Kirkland Lake Gold Property, Grenfell Township Larder Lake Mining Division, Ontario" by Howard J. Coates M. Sc., P.Geo.).

According to 2014 Anconia news releases, the company sampled 7.81 grams gold per tonne over 7.55 metres from the Allen Veins. Grab samples from the Allen Veins area have yielded results up to 19.0 grams per tonne of gold (Anconia news releases of November 11 and October 23, 2014).





Kenogami East Gold Property

- 100% owned property, consisting of eleven claim cells known as Kenogami East, in the Kirkland Lake Mining Camp, Ontario.
- Located at the eastern margin of the company's Grenfell-Four Nations gold property and 8.5 kilometres west of Agnico Eagle's Macassa Mine (2021 production: 210,192 oz gold). Kenogami East is adjacent to and in some cases overlaps the company's Grenfell-Four-Nations property.
- Kenogami East and our Grenfell-Four-Nations properties are situated in an area that is highly prospective for significant gold mineralization. There exists widespread occurrences of gold-bearing zones with good grades and widths coupled with the occasional high-grade lodes.
- Gold mineralization closely resembles the gold mineralization on which gold mines were built in the Larder-Victoria Lake and Val d'Or mining camps.
- Identified gold showings in the area have rarely been drilled deeper than 150 metres vertically. It is theorized that better results exist below 150 metres.
- Exploration activities started in 1917 and identified a gold- bearing zone with an average width of 2.5 metres and 91 metre strike length. Reported assays averaged 7.55 grams per tonne in quartz and quartz-pyrite veins. A shaft was sunk to 7.6 metres to mine the vein. No records from this mining activity are available.
- During 1927 to 1928, the shaft was deepened to 164 metres and included production drifts at the two upper levels (the 25 level and 125 level) and exploration drifts at the lower three drifts (the 250 level, 375 level and 500 level drifts).





- During 1933 to 1934, surface mapping, stripping and trenching along with the development of additional underground exploration drifts and drilling were undertaken to trace the extensions of the veining system.
- During 1963 to 1965, 12 drill holes for a total of 2,026 metres were completed on the property to test the down-dip extension of the surface veins.
- Most of the 1960's drill holes were not correctly located relative to the sampled trenches. More importantly, it
 was discovered that the east-northeast trending veins were not vertical as previously inferred from surface data
 but dipped 70-80 degrees to the south. As a consequence, these drill holes stopped short and did not intersect
 nor test the gold-bearing veins exposed in trenches at the surface.
- The gold-bearing vein zone underlying the property consists of several sub-parallel lenticular grey quartz and less commonly quartz-carbonate veins. These mineralized zones contain assay values averaging 7.5 to 8.6 grams per tonne over widths averaging 2.5 metres.
- As reported by P.T. George (1986), veins discovered to date, contained "significant gold mineralization" averaging 7.6 grams per tonne over average width of 2.5 metres" and it "would be feasible to mine economically" if a "sufficient tonnage of material" were to be established.
- Drilling in 2014, confirmed the that results of earlier campaigns with grades up to various 18.80 grams per tonne.



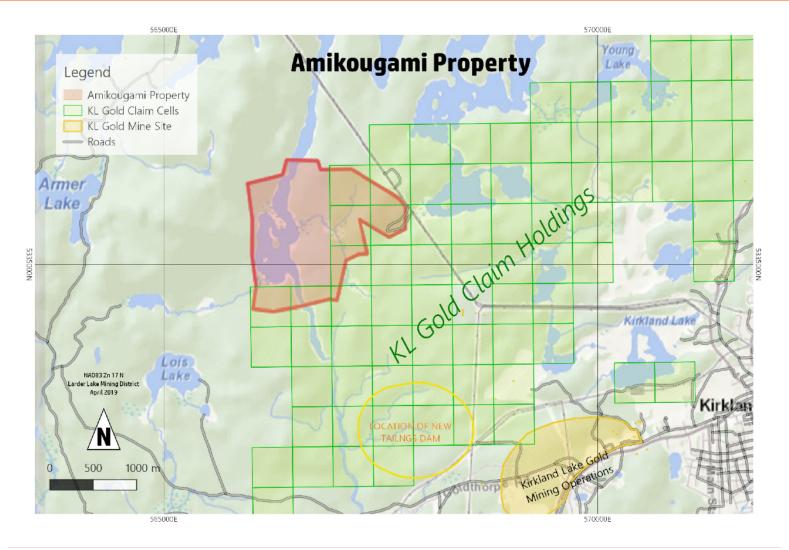


- The Kirkland Lake Amikougami Property is 4000 metres north-northwest from Agnico Eagle's Macassa Mine (2021 production: 210,192 oz gold). The southern and western boundaries of the property are shared with claims held by Agnico Eagle (formerly Kirkland Lake gold Mines).
- The Amikougami property lies 4 kilometres north of the Kirkland Lake 04-Main Break that hosts the major mines in the Kirkland Lake Gold Camp.
- 100% owned property: 15 patented mining claims and 5 mining licenses at the Amikougami property for a combined total of 209.88 hectares.
- Analysis of regional structures on Warrior Gold properties indicates that gold mineralization is related to major crustal structures. These crustal structures have been interpreted as vertical splay-extensions.
- This splay may tap the same hydrothermal fluids source that has given rise to the gold deposits in the Kirkland Gold camp. These secondary fault structures are known to host gold deposits.
- These structures controlled the evolution of brittle-ductile deformation process and the localization of hydrothermal gold-bearing fluid flow during the evolution of the fault zone creating a possible hosting for economic gold deposits.





Amikougami Property Claim Map







Otto Property:

- 100% owned property. Otto Property contains 3 patented claims and is 41.44 hectares in size.
- Gold was discovered In 1906 on the north shore of Otto Lake, sparking original gold rush into Kirkland Lake Gold camp.
- The Otto property is located approximately 2.4 kilometres southwest from the discovery location on Otto Lake and 0.6 kilometres from the west margin of Vigrass Lake.
- Three mines were subsequently developed in the vicinity of the original discovery, located 3.5 kilometres southwest from Agnico Eagle's Macassa Mine.
- The original discoveries occurred south of the major crustal deformation zone called the Cadillac-Larder Lake Break, which occurs less than 1 kilometres north of the Otto property.
- A lesser defined regional fault called the South Break, also associated with carbonate and with highly deformed, altered, ultramafic pods occurs less than 0.4 kilometres north from the property.
- Geological mapping and related geophysical studies in the adjacent properties have located shear zonebearing quartz veins and breccia that occasionally carry gold values.
- These structures generally trend in an east-west direction extending onto the Otto property.









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